Cannon Tells Him He Has Been Nominated For President.

A GALA DAY AT OYSTER BAY

Distinguished Republicans Take Part In Ceremony by Which the Political Campaign Is Formally Opened-The President's Address of Acceptance.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., July 28.-President Roosevelt has been notified formally of his nomination for the presidency by the national Republican convention. The ceremony took place at his country home at Sagamore Hill, three miles from this village. In accordance with the wish of the president the ceremony was made as simple as possible.

The formul notification of the action of the convention was made, on behalf of a committee representing every state and territory in the United States, by Joseph G. Cannon, speaker of the house of representatives.

The day opened with ideal wenther and arrangements for the ceremony were completed at an early hour. The wide veranda of the house at Sagamore Hill, extending almost entirely railing and, standing under a great around the house, was decorated with

borhood of the Roosevelt home and in follows: Oyster Bay were draped with the national colors. Across the main street of the village there bung a large Roosevelt and Fairbanks banner,

The special train bearing the mem bers of the notification committee and the invited guests arrived here on bers of the committee were absent.

They were James N. Coombs of Florida. Senator Chauncey M. Depew of at the polls the action of the convention New York, who is in Europe, and Senator Clarence D. Clark of Wyoming.

The Invited Guests.

pastors of the Oyster Bay churches and the officials of the national and New York state Republican organizations. Those present numbered about 125. It was necessary to limit the number on account of the isolation of the solation of the so number on account of the isolation of press and some seek to have confidentially Sazamore Hill and the lack of facilities for the accommodation of a larger assemblage.

On arrival at Sagamore Hill, the committeemen were received by President Roosevelt, Mrs. Roosevelt and National Chairman George B, Cortelyou, All of the hense guests of the president were them were mistaken and others insincere gathered on the verando, and as the occupants of each carriage alighted they were welcomed by the president and each was presented to Mrs. Boose-

At the conclusion of the informal reception the ceremony of notification began. While the members of the family, the house guests and some of the distinguished visitors were assembled on the veranda, a majority of those in attendance gathered on the lawn facing the veranda.

When Speaker Cannon rose to deliver his speech of notification, he was greeted with applause.

Mr. Cannon said in part:

The Republican party stands for pro-tection. It stands for the gold standard and our currency system. All these dwell in legislation enacted under the lead of Republican party and ugainst the most determined opposition of the Demo-cratic party, including its leader and candidate. These being our policies, and having been most restul to the country. we have confidence in and love them. If it be necessary from time to time that they should be strengthened here and controlled there the Republican party stands ready with loving, competent hands to apply the proper remedy. I say "remedy." Heing our policies, we will not willingly subject them to their enemies for closy starvation one hand or to sudden destruction on the other.

McKinley's Record.

Since the Republican party was restored to power in 1857 under the lead of McKinley our country has prospered in produc tion and in commerce as it has never pros pered before. In wealth we stand first among all the nations. Under the lead of William McKinley the war with Spain was speedily brought to a successful con clusion. Under the treaty of peace and our action Cuba is free, and under guar-antees written in her constitution and our legislation it is assured that she will ever remain free. We also acquired Porto Rico, Guam and the Philippines by a treaty the railfication of which was only possible by the votes of Democratic senators. Civil government has been estab-lished in Porto Rico, and we are jour neying toward civil government in the Philippines as rapidly as the people of the archipelago are able to receive it, and this, too notwithstanding the false cry "Imperialism" raised by the Democratiinsurrection in the Philippines and tends to lead to further insurrection there. The record of the Republican party under the lead of William McKinley has passed into history. Who dares assail it?

Roosevelt's Accomplishments.

In the history of the republic in time of peace no executive has had greater ques-tions to deal with than yourself, and none have brought greater courage, wis-dem and patriotism to their solution. You have entorced the law against the mighty and the lowly without fear, favor or par-tiality. Under the constitution you have recommended legislation to congress from time in time. time to time, as it was your duty to do, and when it was passed by congress have approved it. You have, under the constitution, led in making a treaty which was ratified by the senate and is approved by the people, which not only assures but.

right thing at the right time and in the sht way, notwithstanding the opposition those who appose the right policies on the selfish or partison standpoint, hey dare not tell the truth about your cometal action or the record of the party and then condemn it. They can, for selfish or partisan reasons abuse you personally and misrepresent the party which you lead. It is true, however, that, so far, their abuse of your action and their alloced fear of your action is to the alloged fear of your personality is insig-nificant as compared with the personal and partisan carpings against Lincoln. Grant and McKinley when they were elethed with power by the people.

Appeals to the Common People.

These where only grievance is that you are enforced the law and those who carp it mere partisan capital will not, in my judgment, reap the harvest of success. The Republican party, for you and under

nance in power.

The office of president of the United States is the greatest on earth, and many competent men in the Republican party are ambiflous to hold it, yet the Republicans an convention met at Chicago, June last, and unanimously, with one accord nominated you as the candidate of the party for president. I am sure all Republicans and a multitude of good citizens who do not call themselves Republicans said "Amen."

In pursuance of the usual custom the convention appointed a committee, of which it honored me with the chairmanwhich it honored me with the chairman-ship, to wait upon and inform you of its action, which duty, speaking for the committee. I now cheerfully perform with the hope and the confident expectation that a majority of the people of the re-public will in November next approve the section of the convention. action of the convention by choosing electors who will assure your election to the presidency as your own successor.

At the close of Mr. Cannon's address the president advanced to the veranda festoon of American flags, delivered American flags hung from pillar to his address in response to the notification. As he faced the assemblage he what we claim your money will be refund-In addition many bouses in the neigh. was warmly applauded. His address ed. For sale by all druggists in 25 cent,

I am deeply sensible of the high honor conferred upon me by the representatives of the Republican party assembled in convention, and I accept the nomination for the presidency with solemn realization of

the obligations I assume.

Three years ago I became president because of the death of my lamented predecessor. I then stated that it was my purpose to carry out his principles and polyou represent I shall, under Providence, continue to work with an eye single to the welfare of all our people.

We who have been intrusted with power

Included among the invited guests were men prominent in all walks of life. Among them were personal and political friends of the president in New York state, lifelong friends and neighbors on Long Island, including the public policy which the Remulting parts of summing the past sevent now come before the people content to be judged by our record of achievement. In the years that have gone by we have made the deed square with the word, and if we are continued in power we shall unpublic policy which the Remulting parts.

be trusted to prove false to every prin-ciple which in the last eight years they have fald down as vital and to leave undisturbed those very acts of the admin-istration because of which they ask that the administration itself be driven from power. Seemingly their present attitude

Divided on No Vital Question.

We make our appeal in a wholly dirferent spirit. We are not constrained to keep silent on any vital question; we are divided on no vital question; our policy is continuous and is the same for all sections and localities. There is nothing experimental about the government we ask the people to continue in power, for our performance in the past, our proved governmental efficiency, is a guarantee as to our promises for the future.

In dealing with the great organizations known as trusts we do not have to explain why the laws were not enforced, but to point out that they actually have been enforced and that legislation has been enacted to increase the effectiveness of their enforcement.

We do not have to propose to "turn the rascals out." for we have shown in very deed that whenever by diligent investiga-tion a public official can be found who has betrayed his trust he will be punished to the full extent of the law without regard to whether he was appointed under a Re-publican or a Democratic administration. Moreover, the betrayals of trust in the last seven years have been insignificant in number when compared with the extent of the public service. Never has the adof the public service. Never has the ad-ministration of the government been on a cleaner and higher level; never has the public work of the nation been done more honestly and efficiently.

Prosperity has come at home. The na-tional honor and interest have been up-held sbroad. We have placed the finances of the nation upon a sound gold basis. We have done this with the aid of many who were formerly our opponents, but who would neither openly support nor silently acquiesce in the heresy of unsound finance, and we have done it against the convinced and violent opposition of the mass of our present opponents, who still refuse to recant the unsound opinions which for the moment they think it inexpedient to assert.

The Gold Standard.

We know what we mean when we speak of an honest and stable currency. We mean the same thing from year to year We do not have to avoid a definite and conclusive committal on the most important issue which has recently been be-fore the people, and which may at any time in the near future be before them again. Upon the principles which underlinumber do not clash with those of the other half. So long as the Republican party is in power the gold standard is settled, not as a matter of temporary po-litical expediency, not because of shifting conditions in the production of gold in certain mining centers, but in accordance with what we regard as the fundamental principles of national morality and wis-

We have enacted a tariff law under which during the past few years the coun try has attained a height of material well being never before reached. Wages are higher than ever before. That whenever the need arises there should be a readjust-ment of the tariff schedules is undoubted. but such changes can with safety be made only by those whose devotion to the principle of a protective tariff is beyond question, for otherwise the changes would amount not to readjustment, but to re-

The readjustment when made must maintain and not destroy the protective principle. To the farmer, the merchant, the manufacturer this is vital, but perthe people, which not only assures, but, under the law and appropriations made by congress, proceeds with the construction of the Panama canal.

The mandracturer this is vital, but perhaps no other man is so much interested as the wageworker in the maintenance of our present economic system, both as regards the finances and the tariff. The of the Panama canal.

The Republican party, under your leadership, keeps its record from the beginping under Lincoln of doing things, the

A Sure Cure for Piles.

For Itching or Bleeding Piles, swelling and Inflammations.

Here Is a Remedy That Never Fails.

Paracamph has cared thousands and thousands of people who have suffered for years with Piles. As a sure, safe, and quick remedy it is unequaled, and is today. The lithming count has been planned. At last the dream has become a reality. quick remedy it is unequaled, and is today recognized as the most scientific remedy for this dreaded ailment. Don't suffer; your lendership, appeals to the great body of the people who live in the sweat of their faces, make the civilization, control the republic, fight its battles and determine its policies for approval and continuance in proven. don't delay; get a bottle today, use it as directed in the circular aroud each bottle, will be refunded.

'Mr. J. A. Beard, 342 Third St., Louisville, Ky., writes "I suffered most agonizing pains from Itching piles. Four applications of Paracamph cured me. It is a most wonderful remedy, and I heartily recommend it to all sufferers.

Mrs. A. C. Whaley, 9 East Genesse St., Buffalo, N. Y., says: "I have used Paracamph with splendid results and heartily recommend it for the quick relief of Piles, sore muscles, and rheumatic pains in the

We have in our office hundreds of letters from all parts of the United States stating remarkable cures of this dreaded ailment. Paracamph, when applied, relieves the pain instantly by soothing the inflamed membranes, drawing out al Fever, Soreness and Inflammation quick! Don't experiment with other preparations use Paracamph. If it fails to do exactly 50 cent and \$1.00 bottles, or sent direct upon receipt of price. If your druggist does not handle Paracamph ask him to get it for you, but don't take something else. There is nothing just as good. The Paracamph Company, Louisville, Ky., U.

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D. F. DAVIS, "The Druggist,"

262 North Main Street, Barre, Vt.

as a minimum a rate of duty sufficient t cover the difference between the labor cost here and abroad.

Those who, like our apponents, "do nounce protection as a rebbery" thereby explicitly commit themselves to the proposition that if they were to revise the tariff no heed would be paid to the necessity of meeting this difference between the standards of light for sity of meeting this difference permittee at and ards of living for wageworkers here and in other countries, and therefore on this point their antagonism to our poon their antagonism to our sition is fundamental. Here again we as that their promises and ours be judged by What has been done in the immediate past. We ask that as her and wanship men compare the workings of the present turiff law and the remittens which obtain under it with the workings of the preceding tariff law of the and the conditions which that turiff of Doi helped to bring about. what has been done in the immediate par

Reciprocity. We believe in reciprocity with foreign officers in the terms cutlined in President labitation, last speech, which urgid the real egreements whenever they could made without being to American is few and taken. It is a singular facciment alone by the repr sentences of the very party which now states that it focus reciprocity. And here again we had that the worth of our w

be judged by comparing their deeds with ours.

general control of the control of th

EYESIGHT SPECIALIST One Day Only JFRIDAY, JULY 29TH

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No matter how much your vision is impaired or how many opticians have given & your case up, Edward E. Dammers will guarantee to improve your sight if there is any vision left. DO NOT HESITATE TO SEE THIS NOTED EYESIGHT SPECIALIST as the examination is entirely free of charge. your case up, Edward E. Dammers will & as the examination is entirely free of charge.

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long as it acts in a spirit of justice and of regard for the rights of others. Each is to be granted the full protection of the law, and each in turn is to be held to a strict obscience to the law, for no man is above it and no man below it. The humblest individual is to have his rights safeguarded as scrupulously as those of the strongest organization, for each is to re-ceive justice, no more and no less.

The Canal Assured.

Ever since this continent was discover At last the dream has become a reality. The isthmian canal is now being built by the government of the United States. We conducted the negotiation for its construction with the nicest and most scrupulous honor and in a spirit of the largest generality toward those through whose territory. It was to you territory it was to run.

Every sinister effort which could be de-

vised by the spirit of faction or the spirit of self interest was made in order to de-feat the treaty with Panama and thereby prevent the consummation of this work. The construction of the canal is now an assured fact, but most certainly it is un-wise to intrust the carrying out of so momentous a policy to those who have endeavored to defeat the whole undertak-

Our foreign policy has been so conducted that, while not one of our just claims has been sacrificed, our relations with all foreign nations are now of the most peaceful kind; there is not a cloud on the horizon. In the Caribbean sea we have made good our promises of independence to Cuba and have proved our assertion that our mission in the island was one of justice and not of self aggrandisement, and thereby no less than by our action in Venezuela and Pansam we have shown that the Monroe doctrine is a living reality, designed for the hurt of no nation, but for the protection of civilization on the western continent and for the peace of the world. Our steady growth in power has gone hand in hand with a strengthening disposition to use this power with strict regard for the rights of others and for the cause of international justice and good will.

American interests in the Pacific have kind; there is not a cloud on the horizon

American interests in the Pacific have rapidly grown. American enterprise has laid a cable across this, the greatest of occurs. We have proved in effective fashion that we wish the Chinese empire well and desire its integrity and independence.

Roosevelt's Philippine Policy.

Our foothold in the Philippines greatly strengthens our position in the competition for the trade of the cast, but we are governing the Philippines in the interest of the Philippine people themselves. We have already given them a large share in their government, and our purpose is to increase this share as rapidly as they give evidence of increasing fitness for the task. The great majority of the officials of the islands, whether elective or appointive are already native Filipines. We are now providing for a legislative assembly. This is the first step to be taken in the future, and it would be eminently unwise to deciare what our next step will be until this first step has been taken and the results are manifest. To have gone faster than we have already gone in giving the iswe have already gone in giving the landers a constantly increasing measure of self government would have been disastrous. To withdraw our government from the islands at this time would mean to the average native the loss of his barely won civil freedom. We have established in the islands a supernment by American od in the lalands a government by Amer-leans assisted by Filipines. We are stead-ily striving to transform this into soft government by the Filipines assisted by Americans.

We face the future with our past and our present as guaranters of our prom-ises, and we are content to stand or to fall by the record which we have made and are making.

At the conclusion of the address Pres ident Roosevelt held an informal reception and received the congratulations of the committeemen on his speech.

Both the president and Speaker Cannon spoke standing on a chair placed at an angle of the veranda so that all could hear. The guests stood during the speeches.

Senator Platt of New York, who had been invited, was not present.

MURPHY AT ROSEMOUNT.

The Tammany Leader Closeted With Judge Parker.

Esopus, N. Y., July 28 .- Very Important, from a political standpoint, was the arrival of Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader; Judge Morgan J. O'Brien and Senater Victor J. Dewling of New York, and Thomas F. Conway of Plattsburg.

Mr. Murphy and his colleagues in Tammany Hall forestalled the members of the national committee. They arrived here on the moon train, two hours or more in advance of the national committee men. They were met at the Esopus station by Judge Parat the Esopus station by Judge Par-ker's wagonette and taken directly to Rosemount. Judge Parker was on the veranda when the conveyance was driven up. Justice O'Brien looked after the introductions and chairs were then drawn together for a close conference.

The meeting between Judge Parker and Mr. Murphy was very cordial, Judge Parker invited his guests to remain for luncheon with him. Before luncheon, however, Judge Parker and Mr. Murphy withdrew from the balance of the party and engaged in a long conversation. They were uninterrupted.

Abner McKinley's Will.

Somerset, Pa., July 28.- The will of Abner McKinley, brother of the late president, has been probated here. The instrument does not indicate the value of the estate, but the bulk of it is be queathed to his widow and his daughter, Mrs. Mabel McKinley Baer. An expenditure of \$5,000 is ordered for a suitable monument in the family burial plot at Canton, O.

French Cruiser at Newport. Newport, R. I., July 28.—The French armored emiser Duplex of the North American squadron has arrived here, flying the fing of Rear Admiral River. She was seven days from Azores. Salutes were exchanged between the war ship and the forts and naval station The Duplex will remain here four days. She then goes to Boston.

House Wrecked by Dynamite.

Reading, Pa., July 28.-The house of Michael Amoreo, in a tenement district on the outskirts of this city, has been wrecked by dynamite. Amoreo was killed, but his wife and three children

Dandruff

What is it? The beginning of gray hair, falling hair, baldness. Extremely untidy, and annoying, too. The remedy? Ayer's Hair Vigor. It keeps the scalp healthy, stops falling of the hair.

MOVING ON HAICHENG

Japanese Follow Up Their Victory at Tashichao.

KUROPATKIN THREATENED.

Enemy Trying to Cut His Communications Between Liaoyang and Mukden. Loss of Newchwang a Serious Blow to the Russians.

St. Petersburg, July 28 .- A telegram from General Kuropatkin has been received confirming the occupation of Tashichao by the Japanese July 25 and adding that a Japanese division has moved on Haicheng.

The Japanese continue to menace Linoyang's communications by concentrating troops at Sikseyan, but no further advance has been made toward Linoyang or Mukden.

The consummation of the Japanese plan for the occupation of Newchwang, while long anticipated, is nevertheless recognized as conferring a great advantage on the Japanese generals, giving them a new base from the sea by railroad, river and bighroad for a northern movement. It also cuts off one of the principal means of communication with Port Arthur. Besides its military importance to the Japanese the fear is expressed that their occupation of Newchwang may have political consequences by placing the Japanese and Chinese in immediate, intimate relations,

Viceroy Alexeleff has issued an order of the day appointing Grand Duke Boris a first lieutenant and special service officer to General Kuropatkin, thus seeming to dispose of the story of the grand duke's differences with the commander in chief.

Heavy Fighting at Port Arthur. Chefu, July 28.-A junk, bringing suited. Chinese refugees from Port Arthur, has just arrived here. The Chinese report that when they left Port Arthur July 22 heavy fighting was going on both on land and sea. They were unable to give details. They report that the Japanese have heavily fortified Sanchinpo hill. Several Russian refugees have arrived here, but they bring no news. Most of the Russians who have arrived here appear to be of au extremely ignorant class, who left the

to bear arms. Bandit Confesses.

Spokane, Wash., July 28.—George F. Hammond, one of the bandlis who dynamited a Northern Pacific passen ger train near Bearmouth, Mont., or the night of June 16, has made a fulconfession to Sheriff Doust of his county and the officials of the railroad conpany. The confession has been signer by Hammond, and he is being takes back to Montana for trial. The high wayman says the booty was about \$3,500 in money and about 400 small diamonds. In the division he got althe diamonds and \$1,500 in cash. The bandit guided the officers to his cache near Coeur d'Alene City Sunday, and they dug up 350 diamonds and \$225 is money. He also guided the officers to another cache near Hillyard, where \$169 more was recovered.

Kent Loomis' Body Sent Home. Southampton, July 28. The Ameri can line steamer St. Paul has sailed from here, lineing on board the remains of F. Kent Loomis, Curiously enough the North German Lloyd steamer Kaiser Willielm II., on which Mr. Loomis came to this country, followed immediately behind her, also

Bishon Nordez Starts For Rome. Paris, July 28. Bishop Nordez of Dijen, who was summoned to Rome under pain of the loss of his episcopai nowers has started for Rome,

bound for New York

FIRE IN STOCKYARDS.

Burning of Lard Refinery Adds to Strike Excitement.

Chicago, July 28.-Fire, tumult and picketing contributed to stirring scenes at the stockyards, while the packers firm in their stand, went ahead slaughtering stock and doing as much other work as was possible in the circumstances. Convinced of an improvement in the situation, as far as available nonunion belp and capacity otherwise of the plants were concerned, the packers had sent word to shippers to be somewhat more generous with their consignments, and as a result the receipts of cattle, hogs and sheep were considerably larger than had been the rule during previous days of the strike.

The chief excitement of the day centered about Swift's lard refinery, far in the interior of the stockyards, almost a mile from the main entrance.

Flames were seen bursting from the upper floors of this building, and be fore long the whole of Packing Town was in a turmoil. Teamsters by the hundreds, who had failed to go to work as a result of the action of their joint council, had added their numbers to those of the thousands of men who had already been on strike, and a large majority of them were loitering about the yards waiting for something to turn up. The fire was enough of an incen tive to cause a wild rush from all directions, and despite the efforts of the police the fire engines found great difficulty in making a way through the crowds. The flames raged for about an hour, but were kept from surrounding structures, though showers of sparks fell.

Naturally the rumor spread that the fire was the result of incendiaries, but this was later declared emphatically to be erroneous. For a time after the fire the Swift plant in a large number of its departments was seriously handicapped.

Besides the fire another cause for tumult was the fact that for the first time wholesale picketing was inaugurated. Hundreds of men were scattered to various corners of roadways as pickets. Several serious clashes re-

The Formosa Released.

Suez, July 28.-The Peninsular and Oriental Steamship company's steamer Formosa, which was captured in the Red sea by the volunteer fleet steamer Smolensk and which arrived here, flying the Russian naval flag and with a prize crew on board, has been released. The Hamburg-American line steamer Holsatia, which arrived here, also having on board a prize fortress because they had been ordered crew, has likewise been released. The Formosa has sailed to continue her voyage eastward. In accordance with Instructions from Berlin all German steamers bound east are furnished by the Russian consul here with a free pass for the Red sea, in case they should meet Russian war vessels,

Five Killed by Lightning,

Hazleton, Pa., July 28. Pive per sons were killed near here during-a severe electrical storm. At Oneids three foreign speaking miners and s boy were instantly killed by a bolt of lightning while sitting at a table. All four were terribly burned, and the clothing was almost completely torr from their bodies. At Quakake valley the lightning struck the home of Smiley Hinkle, instantly killing Mrs. Hinkle and seriously injuring her daughter.

St. Patrick's Genve. St. Patrick died at Saul (Sabbal)

while, on a visit there from Armagh. and his burial place is believed to be at Downpatrick, in County Down.

A Measured Charter.

Tyrian lodge of Masons in Gloucester, Mass., has a charter signed by Paul Revere, which they do not mean to lose. It is kept in the vault of a bank only a copy being hung in the lodge

Picture postcards are said to have originated in Paris during the Franco-Prusslan war.

Picture Postenrds.

CECIL BELL

Stre of Arion, 2.07 3-4 Sunol, 2.08 1-4 Paio Alto 2.68 3-4 and 157 others in 3.30 Hambletonian 10 Sire of 40 in 2.50 (Abdallah 1 Electric Bell, 16029 Sire of Captor, 2.09 1-4 Tireless, (5) 2.14 1-4 Cardirman, 2.16 1-4 Memento, 2.19 1-3 Sib, 2.20 Chas. Kent Mare Green Mt. Maid Dam of 9 in 2.30 (Harry Clay 45 (Shanghal Mary Beautifni Bells Dam of Belleflower, 2.1034 Belsire, 2.18 Bell Boy, 2.19 I-4 and 11 others in 2.30 The Moor S70 Sire of Sultan 2.24 Belle of Wabaah Dam of \$ in 2.30 | Nettie Clay CECIL BELL Gambetta Wilkes 4659, Sire of Gurnette, 2.05 Oredette, 2.05.1-9 Cabanola, 2.06.1-2 Eyelet, 2.06.1-2 Foxie Curd, 2.07 200 7 Others in George Wilkes 519 (Hambletonian fo-Sire of 85 in 2.30) Bolly Spanker Jewel Dam of 5 S'd Sires | Salter Mare Miss Cecil (3) 2.21 1 2 and 7 others in Nutwood 600 Sire of 185 in 2.30 Miss Russell Jennie C, 232 Deillah Dam of 3 in 2.30 Mary Elmore Administrator 357

STANDS FOR SERVICE AT were taken from the debris uninjured. Smith Stock Farm, So. Barre, Vt.